Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identifier: C29 - Inspiration SOLE Coating

Product Use Description: Thin clear liquid with solvent and amine odors for use as a clear coating on automotive finishes.

Manufacturer or suppliers’ details

P & S Sales, Inc
20943 Cabot Blvd.
Hayward CA 94545

Emergency Number: 800-255-3924
Customer Service: 510-732-2628
Business Fax: 510-732-2632

Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

- Flammable Liquids: Category 3
- Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2
- Eye Damage: Category 2
- Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2
- Aspiration Hazard: Category 1

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms

Hazard Word: Danger

Hazard Statements

- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation
- H361: Suspected of damaging fertility
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour
- H302: Harmful if swallowed
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

- P201: Obtain special instructions before use
- P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
- P233: Keep container tightly closed
- P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
- P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/.../equipment
- P242: Use only non-sparking tools
- P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification. Remaining components are proprietary, non-hazardous, and/or present at amounts below reportable limits.

4. First Aid Measures

General notes
Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation
Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact
After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water.

Following eye contact
Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion
Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

5. Fire Fighting Measures
FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCENT BY VOLUME IN AIR)
Estimated values: Lower Flammable Limit 1.9% Upper Flammable Limit 12.6%

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA AND FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES
Foam, water spray (fog), dry chemical, carbon dioxide and vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents may all be suitable for extinguishing fires involving this type of product, depending on size or potential size of fire and circumstances related to the situation. Plan fire protection and response strategy through consultation with local fire protection authorities or appropriate specialists.

Use dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish the fire. "Water may be ineffective", but water should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If a leak or spill has ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect persons attempting to stop a leak. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Minimize breathing of gases, vapor, fumes or decomposition products. Use supplied-air breathing equipment for enclosed or confined spaces or as otherwise needed.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS
Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, aldehydes and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete combustion.

6. Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency personnel
Remove persons to safety.
For emergency responders
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Advices on how to contain a spill
Covering of drains.
Advices on how to clean up a spill
Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage (sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal bind- er).
Appropriate containment techniques
Use of adsorbent materials.
Other information relating to spills and releases
Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

7. Handling and Storage
7.1 Precautions for safe handling Recommendations
Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation
Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Warning
Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Exposure Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>541-02-6</td>
<td>decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</td>
<td>301 mg/m3 ACGIH TWA Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>475645-84-2</td>
<td>poly siloxane</td>
<td>None Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>556-67-2</td>
<td>octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane</td>
<td>10 ppm DCC OEL TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64742-47-8</td>
<td>Distillate (petroleum) Hydrotreated light</td>
<td>1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>methanol</td>
<td>200 ppm PEL 250 ppm STEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

VENTILATION
Use only with ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. No smoking, or use of flame or other ignition sources.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
Use supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclosed spaces, if needed.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES
Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION
Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing, which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

WORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS
To prevent fire or explosion risk from static accumulation and discharge, effectively bond and/or ground product transfer system in accordance with (THE) National Fire Protection Association PUBLICATIONS.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>46°C (115°F) TCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto Ignition</td>
<td>645°K (1162°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Clear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Press</td>
<td>132 Pa at 25°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Flamability Limit</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Flamability Limit</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. Stability and Reactivity

**Stability** | **Hazardous Polymerization**
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Stable | Not Expected to Occur

**Conditions to Avoid**
Keep away from extreme heat, Strong Acids, Alkalies and Oxidizers such as Chlorine, other Halogens, Hydrogen Peroxide and Oxygen

**Hazardous Decomposition Products**
No substances are readily identifiable from composition but no degradation data is available.

11. Toxicological Information

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

**Classification procedure**
The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)**

**Acute toxicity**
Harmful if swallowed.

**Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)**
Shall not be classified as acutely toxic

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Causes skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**
Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

**Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties**
Suspected of damaging fertility.
Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.
Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

**Carcinogenicity**
- National Toxicology Program (United States): none of the ingredients are listed
- IARC Monographs: none of the ingredients are listed

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)**
Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant.

**Aspiration hazard**
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological Information

**Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:**
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.022 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Toxicity to daphnia and aquatic invertebrates: EC50(Daphnia sp.): > 0.015 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Toxicity to algae: EC50: > 0.022 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
NOEC: 0.022 mg/l
**13. Disposal Considerations**

Options for disposal of this product may depend on the conditions under which it was used. To determine the proper method of disposal, refer to RCRA (40 CFR 261), as well as federal EPA and state and local regulations.

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

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**14. Transportation Information**

**Domestic Transportation, not by air:**
Non-bulk packagings (capacity less than or equal to 119 gallons)
Not regulated - Reclassified as combustible 49 CFR 173.150(f)

Transported by marine vessel: as supplied
Non-bulk packagings (capacity less than or equal to 119 gallons)
Not regulated - Reclassified as combustible 49 CFR 173.150(f)

Transportation by Air IATA: as supplied
Limited Quantity exception: 49 CFR 173.150(b)(3), 173.27 table 3 - Combination packaging under 2.5 Liter or .65 gallon per inner container and less than 10 liters per box - Not Regulated

Not as supplied
Packaging greater than 2.5 Liter or .65 Gallon per inner container or more than 10 liters per box UN1993, Flammable Liquid n.o.s., 3, PGIII

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**15. Regulatory Information**

**OSHA Hazards**: Combustible Liquid, Moderate skin Irritant, Chronic Health Hazard

**EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know** - none of the ingredients are listed

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity** - This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

**SARA 302**: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

**SARA 313: SARA 313**: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**California Prop. 65**: No ingredients listed