Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identifier: HS19 - Isopropanol 60% gel

Product Use Description: Clear gel liquid with isopropanol odor

Manufacturer or suppliers’ details

P & S Sales, Inc
20943 Cabot Blvd.
Hayward CA 94545

Emergency Number: 800-255-3924
Customer Service: 510-732-2628
Business Fax: 510-732-2632

Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

Flammable Liquids: Category 2
Eye Irritation: Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3 (Central nervous system)

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms

Hazard Word: Danger

Hazard Statements

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319: Causes serious eye irritation
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
P233: Keep container tightly closed
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

3. Composition Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Wt %</th>
<th>Component Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>60.39</td>
<td>Isopropanol, 2-Propanol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification. Remaining components are proprietary, non-hazardous, and/or present at amounts below reportable limits.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation:
Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion:
Give large amounts of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician if irritation develops.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Listed fire data is for Pure Isopropyl Alcohol.

Explosion:
Above flash point, vapor-air mixtures are explosive within flammable limits noted above. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire or explosion. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sensitive to static discharge.

Fire Extinguishing Media:
Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool, dilute spills to nonflammable mixtures, protect personnel attempting to stop leak and disperse vapors.

Special Information:
In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e.g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect personnel attempting to stop leak, and to flush spills away from exposures.

7. Handling and Storage

Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be No Smoking areas. Use non-sparking type tools and equipment, including explosion proof ventilation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product. Small quantities of peroxides can form on prolonged storage. Exposure to light and/or air significantly increases the rate of peroxide formation. If evaporated...
to a residue, the mixture of peroxides and isopropanol may explode when exposed to heat or shock.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>TLV (ACGIH 8 hour)</th>
<th>STEL - ACGIH</th>
<th>NIOSH REL TWA</th>
<th>OSHA Z-1 TWA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>67-63-0 Isopropanol, 2-Propanol</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

VENTILATION
Use only with ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. No smoking, or use of flame or other ignition sources.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
Use supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclosed spaces, if needed.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES
Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION
Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing, which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

WORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS
To prevent fire or explosion risk from static accumulation and discharge, effectively bond and/or ground product transfer system in accordance with (THE) National Fire Protection Association PUBLICATIONS.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Flash Point 18°C (65°F) CC
Auto Ignition 399°C (750°F)
Physical State liquid
pH 5.5 Specific Gravity .906
Vapor Density (Air=1) 2.1
Water Solubility complete

Upper Flammability Limit 12.7 %
Lower Flammability Limit 2.0 %
Vapor Press 44 mmHg
Color Clear
Viscosity clear gel
Melting Point -11°F
Odor IPA
VOC Content 60.39%

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable
Hazardous Polymerization Not Expected to Occur
Conditions to Avoid Keep away from extreme heat, Strong Acids, Alkalies and Oxidizers such as Chlorine, other Halogens, Hydrogen Peroxide and Oxygen
Hazardous Decomposition Products No substances are readily identifiable from composition but no degradation data is available.
11. Toxicological Information

Oral rat LD50: 5045 mg/kg; skin rabbit LD50: 12.8 gm/kg; inhalation rat LC50: 16,000 ppm/8-hour; investigated as a tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector.

**Product:**
- Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 40 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h, Test atmosphere: vapour
- Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

12. Ecological Information

**Environmental Fate:**
When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate, may leach into groundwater and may biodegrade to a moderate extent. When released to water, this material is expected to quickly evaporate, have a half-life between 1 and 10 days and may biodegrade to a moderate extent. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals, to have a half-life between 1 and 10 days and may be removed from the atmosphere to a moderate extent by wet deposition.

**Environmental Toxicity:** The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l. This material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

13. Disposal Considerations

Options for disposal of this product may depend on the conditions under which it was used. To determine the proper method of disposal, refer to RCRA (40 CFR 261), as well as federal EPA and state and local regulations.

Please refer to Sections 5, 6 and 15 for additional information.

14. Transportation Information

**Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)**

Packages not over 1 Liter in strong outer packaging conform to the limited quantity exemption found in 49 CFR 173.150(b)(2) and are not subject to flammable placarding requirements

Packages over 1 Liter and packages not transported by domestic ground transportation

Proper Shipping Name: UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (Isopropanol), PG II

Information reported for product/size: 32 oz up to 55 gallon drum.

15. Regulatory Information

THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY (TPQ), EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 355
(SARA Sections 301-304)
No TPQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 372 (SARA Section 313)
Isopropanol (67-63-0) Listed

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 370 (SARA Sections 311-312)
EPA Hazard Classification Codes: Acute, Chronic, Fire

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)
This product does not contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's).

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

**Clean Air Act**
This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61).
This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

**Clean Water Act**
This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.
This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.
This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

**California Prop 65**
This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

**16. Other Information**

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. If buyer repackages this product, legal counsel should be consulted to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included on the container.

**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**

- ACGIH  American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
- LD50  Lethal Dose 50%
- AICS  Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances
- LOAEL  Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- DSL  Canada, Domestic Substances List
- NFPA  National Fire Protection Agency
- NDSL  Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List
- NIOSH  National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
- CNS  Central Nervous System
- NTP  National Toxicology Program
- CAS  Chemical Abstract Service
- NZIoC  New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- EC50  Effective Concentration
- NOAEL  No Observable Adverse Effect Level
EC50  Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC  No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST  EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool
OSHA  Occupational Safety & Health Administration
EOSCA  European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association
PEL  Permissible Exposure Limit
EINECS  European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
PICCS  Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK  Germany Maximum Concentration Values
PRNT  Presumed Not Toxic
GHS  Globally Harmonized System
RCRA  Resource Conservation Recovery Act
>=  Greater Than or Equal To
STEL  Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50  Inhibition Concentration 50%
SARA  Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
IARC  International Agency for Research on Cancer
TLV  Threshold Limit Value
IECSC  Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
TWA  Time Weighted Average
ENCS  Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances
TSCA  Toxic Substance Control Act
KECI  Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory
UVCB  Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials
<=  Less Than or Equal To
WHMIS  Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LC50  Lethal Concentration 50%